

# THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH

VOL. 10.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, DECEMBER 19, 1860.

NO. 74.

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nov24-w&twm.

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## Wouldn't Own Up.

Joe Stetson was a wild, rollicking fellow, who spent most of his time in drinking and spreeing, while his wife, Polly, was left at home to do the chores. Upon a certain occasion, Joe left home, to be back, as he said, that night. Night came, but Joe did not. The next day passed; and about sunset Joe came up in the worst condition imaginable—his clothes dirty and torn, one eye in deep mourning, and his face presenting more the appearance of a piece of raw beef than anything else. Polly met him at the door, and noticing his appearance, exclaimed,

"Why, Joe, what in the world is the matter?"

"Polly," said Joe, "do you know that long Jim Andrews? Well, him and me had a fight."

"Who whipped, Joe?" asked Polly.

"Polly, we had the hardest fight you ever did see. I hit him, and he hit me, and then we clinched. Polly, ain't supper most ready? I ain't had nothing to eat since yesterday morning."

"But tell me who whipped, Joe?" continued Polly.

"Polly," replied Joe, "I tell you, you never did see such a fight as him and me had. When we clinched me, I jerked loose from him, and then he gin me three or four of the most efficient kicks you ever heard. Polly, ain't supper ready? I'm nearly starved."

"Do tell me who whipped, will you?" continued Polly.

"Polly," said Joe, "you don't know nothing 'bout fightin'. I tell you, we fought like tigers; we rolled and we tumbled—first him 't' me, then me 't' him—and then the boys would put me on the shoulder, and halloo: 'On, my Stetson!' We gouged and bit, and tore the dirt in Seth Rudnell's grocery yard worse'n two bulls. Polly, ain't supper ready? I'm monstrous hungry!"

"Joe Stetson," said Polly, in a tone bristling with anger, "will you tell me who whipped?"

"Polly," said Joe, drawing a long sigh, "I hollered!"

## MANNER OF PREACHING.—An editorial in the Journal and Messenger, on Preaching and Hearing, has this paragraph: "A lady, recently, in giving her views of the preaching of a minister, to whom she had listened several times, said, 'I thought it was the business of the minister to feed the sheep. This man don't feed us. He only throws clubs and stones at us, and sends us bleating and hungry home. Many a one might gather a most useful hint from this, as to the proper mode of dealing with the flock of Christ. Harshness, severity, fault-finding accomplish but little good in the family, the Church or the world. True, it is the pastor's duty to admonish and rebuke; to correct error and reform sin; but always in the spirit of the Master. A scolding minister never succeeds in anything, but in scattering the flock, and weakening his hold upon the affections of his people. There is a magazine of power in an affectionate spirit and kind words."



## THE COMMONWEALTH.

Words of Wisdom from a South Carolina Ex-Governor.

Ex-Governor Adams, of South Carolina, was lately serenaded in Columbia, S. C. He made a speech which is thus reported:

He said that he prized the honor just conferred upon him more highly than all the honors heretofore heaped upon him by his constituents. Lowndes, who opposed the Union, in his dying moments said he wanted no other epitaph than, "Here lies the man who opposed the Union." "Here lies the man who opposed the Union," he (the speaker) wanted no prouder inscription than, "Here lies the man who signed the Ordinance of Secession from that Union." The abolitionists were our best friends. Thank God for what they have already done, and for the inestimable blessings they were about to confer they were entitled to our warmest gratitude. [Laughter.] Their assaults have been unceasing, but all for our good. They have organized themselves into a great geographical party. By so doing, they have furnished us with a justification for dissolving our connection with them. If, to-morrow morning, they repealed every anti-slavery law, and said they would never whisper the word "negro" again, he would still cut loose his connection with them. [Applause.] The climate, the soil, and the habits of the people rendered it unsafe for Maine and Texas to be under the same Government. The idea of our fathers that representation was the bulwark of the protection for the Union, had proved a fallacy. If ninety Southern men, were they all Calhouns in intellect, and all the Love-joys and the Hickmans. Our ancestors made a sad blunder when they went into partnership with the Pilgrim Fathers, who came across the ocean in search of toleration, but became the most relentless persecutors in the world. They threw the tea overboard, but they did it like thieves, wearing the guise of Indians, and knowing that no indictment would lay against them. [Laughter.] It was true, the Revolutionary war commenced then, but the biggest part of the Revolutionary war was fought at the South, after Washington took charge of the army. Their courage, like Bob Acre's, oozed out at their fingers' end. [Laughter.] In 1812, when the South had undertaken to protect Yankee seamen, they burned blue lights on their coast—and in the Mexican war they furnished precious little blood. He would not go into the history of the tariff, and show how it swindled the South; but the pension system was adopted thirty or forty years after the Revolution, when it was supposed that most of the old soldiers were dead, and New England immediately turned out a hundred and forty of the old soldiers. [Laughter.] They are very smart, and can demonstrate that the higher the tax the cheaper the article. Next they will attempt to demonstrate that the lower the price of cotton the better for us, because it will teach us economy, which is one of the cardinal virtues. [Laughter.] He was not going to discuss secession, for everybody was for it, from Dan to Beersheba, and in a few days it will be a fixed fact. He did not understand the position of Mr. Buchanan, but he supposed he was like Selden, who, when he was asked how he was on the Bank question, said he "stood between Nick Biddle and Calhoun." [Laughter.] If secession brought peace, he hoped he would enjoy its introduction; but if it brought war, we were the most unfortunate people on earth, for we had not bread and meat enough to feed the people who would come here to help us fight our battles. [Laughter and applause.] He did not believe war would come, and if it did, they wanted our blood, invite them to the banquet. Throw away the scabbard, and let them understand that we will neither give nor ask quarter. [Applause.] They might overrun the country, but if we were animated by the spirit of our forefathers, the *swamps which protected Marion were here yet, and the soil grows as good potatoes now as then.* [Applause.] He did not have much confidence in Virginia, because she refused to treat with the Commissioner of South Carolina. It was just as hard to turn a Virginian as a Louisiana sugar planter. If she would secede, then he would listen to her. In conclusion, he said that on the 17th, 18th or 19th, he did not know which, but as soon as the ordinance could be drawn, he would vote to secede, and stay in secession, till doomsday. [Loud applause.]

### Union Meeting in Lewis.

At a meeting of the citizens of Lewis county, without respect to party, held at the Court house in Clarksburg on Monday, December 3d, 1860, Lindsey B. Rugless, was called to the Chair, and W. M. Teager and John T. Parker appointed Secretaries of the meeting.

Geo. M. Thomas, Esq., explained the object of the meeting and then offered the following resolutions, to-wit:

1. Resolved, That Kentucky, in common with her sister States of the South, deprecates the election of a President and Vice President of the United States upon a purely sectional issue by a party whose avowed declaration of principles and actions prove their hostility to the social organization of fifteen States of the Union.

2. Resolved, That Kentucky will stand by the Union, insisting on the faithful execution of every provision of the Constitution by the North and South until the aggression upon her Constitutional rights become more intolerable than revolution.

3. Resolved, That the Free States in attempting to nullify the Fugitive Slave Law by legislative enactments have deliberately violated the Constitution, and Kentucky will insist upon a repeal of these nullifying statutes and a faithful execution of the law.

4. Resolved, That the election of Lincoln, in the manner prescribed by the Constitution, is no cause for a dissolution of the Union.

5. Resolved, That notwithstanding the untoward result of the election we see no cause to despair of justice within the Union; especially as both Houses of Congress will be opposed to the executive fixed upon the country by a sectional party.

Geo. M. Thomas, Esq., advocated the passage of the resolutions and moved their adoption, and thereupon, said resolutions were adopted by the meeting without a dissenting voice.

It was then resolved that the papers in Kentucky, favorable to the Union, be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

After a few appropriate and patriotic remarks by the President, the meeting then adjourned. L. B. RUGLESS, President. W. M. TEAGER, JNO. T. PARKER, Secretaries.

Private letters, recently received in this country, announce the death of the well known writer and poet, Walter Savage Landor, in the city of Florence, Italy, on the 2d ult.

Dorothea Dix, the philanthropist, is in New Jersey, visiting the prisons and poor houses.

In the City of Mexico, five of the citizens are worth about \$15,000,000.

### One Last Word from Governor Gist.

The Governor of South Carolina lately favored the Legislature of that State with the following characteristic message:

Allow me, in this, my last communication, a parting word. South Carolina, after many long years of earnest but fruitless efforts to arrest the progress of fanaticism and stay the hand of aggression upon her rights by the Northern States of the Confederacy; after vain remonstrance and solemn assurance that a free people would never submit to inequality and degradation, has at last determined, with unparalleled unanimity, to sever the bonds that bind her to those States, and part company with those that treat her as friends and brethren. The comparatively small Star which represents her on the national banner, and which has hitherto illumined the path of the faithful traveller in search of constitutional liberty, must henceforth quit its appointed place, and shine only on the banner consecrated to Equality, Justice and Southern Rights. To permit it to remain longer in its present association, would only dim its lustre and ultimately quench its light. We were told by our great statesmen that the cords of the Union were snapping one by one, and now the last is broken. Could he have lived to witness our regeneration, he would feel himself amply rewarded for all his toils and sacrifices, and would say, like Simeon of old, "Lord, now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace."

A few more days, and the act of secession will be consummated by the solemn ordinance of the Convention of the people, and the glad tidings will go forth, with lightning speed, to every Southern State and rejoice the hearts and cheer the drooping spirits of millions anxiously waiting the signal for a general deliverance. We have progressed thus far with firm and even tread, with calmness and deliberation, but with a constancy of purpose not to be shaken by any danger or suffering. A single pause or the least vacillation, and all will be lost. However anxious we may be for co-operation, however certain we may be of obtaining it, let us first move ourselves as the best means of effecting that object, and having forever closed the door from which we have passed out of the Union, so that no insidious device of the enemy, or false promises of pretended friends, can avail to open it. Then, and not till then, may we with safety seek co-operation and unity with other States who have assumed their sovereignty and are prepared to form a more perfect union and share with us a common destiny. Every sentinel should remain at his post, and not relax a fibre until the great work is completed, the great battle fought and the glorious victory achieved.

The delay of the Convention for a single week to pass the Ordinance of Secession, will have a blighting and chilling influence upon the action of the other Southern States. The opponents of the movement everywhere will be encouraged to make another effort to rally their now disorganized and scattered forces to defeat our action and stay our onward march. Fabius conquered by delay, and there are those of his school, though with a more unworthy purpose, who, shrinking from open and manly attack, use this veil to hide their deformity, and from a masked battery to discharge their missiles. But I trust they will strike the armor of truth and fall harmless at our feet, and that by the 28th of December no flag but the Palmetto will float over any part of South Carolina. It only remains for me to request the appointment of a Committee to examine the accounts of the Executive Department, and to inform you that I have no further communication to make. Wm. H. GIST.

[Communicated.]

We would call the attention of the Border States to the following suggestion:

It now appears from the proceedings in South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi, and partially in other Southern States, that the old line of controversy, Mason and Dixon's line, has been changed. This line is to be moved South so as to throw Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri, into an intermediate State—not north enough for the North and not South enough for the South—thus establishing a neutral territory between two belligerent sections. Very well. The neutral ground has its grievance. This grievance is the inefficiency of the fugitive slave law, so obstacles to prevent its execution, and a common right in the territories. That is all. On the other hand, South Carolina demands in addition to these, that Charleston be made a free port, and that the African slave trade be reopened, and that South Carolina be invested with all the rights and dignities of a separate Commonwealth or Kingdom as she may choose to style herself. This is the question. If the North in good faith agrees to redress all the grievances of which the neutral or border States complain, what impediment is there in the way of union that can be perfect, except that the free traders and African slave States will be left in a minority. Think of this, and carry the suggestion to its legitimate conclusion. B.

UNIVERSAL BENEVOLENCE OF WOMEN.—The celebrated traveler, Leydard, paid the following handsome tribute to the female sex:

"I have heard that women in all countries are civil, obliging, tender and humane. I never addressed myself to them in the language of decency and friendship, without receiving a decent and friendly answer. With man it has often been otherwise. In wandering over the barren plains of inhospitable Denmark; through honest Sweden, and frozen Lapland; rude and churlish Finland; unprincipled Russia; and the wide-spread regions of the wandering Tartar; if hungry, dry, cold, wet, or sick, the women have ever been friendly, and uniformly so, and add to this virtue, (so worthy the appellation of benevolence), these actions have been performed in so free and kind a manner, that if I was dry I drank the sweetest draught, and hungry, ate the choicest morsel with a double relish."

On Wednesday, the 19th December, there will be offered at the auction room at the Mansion House, at auction, a splendid assortment of Queensware and Glassware. Ladies would do well to be on hand to get ware and Christmas gifts at their own prices. Now is offered a rare chance for ladies to make a valuable investment. Remember that on Wednesday next you can get your table furnished with elegant china at your own prices, so go with your pockets full of the needful, as this will be exclusively a cash sale. [Low Journal, 18th.]

AN EXTRA SESSION.—It was stated in this city upon good authority last evening, that Gov. Magoffin had determined to call an extra session of the Kentucky Legislature at an early day. As the banks of the State have determined not to suspend specie payment under present circumstances, and the extra session, therefore, has no reference to a suspension on the part of the banks. [Low Journal, 18th.]

A telegraph line is about to be established between Burlington and Keokuk.

### Call of the Legislature.

The accumulation of extraordinary events has established in our mind the conviction that Gov. Magoffin ought, forthwith, to issue his proclamation convening the Legislature in special session. It seems to be settled beyond all doubt that a week or two hence, South Carolina will declare herself an independent State, out of the Union; and the probabilities are so strong as to amount almost to a certainty, that other States will follow the deplorable example of South Carolina. Kentucky is too deeply interested in whatever concerns the preservation or destruction of the Union, to stand idle and silent while the extraordinary events of a mighty revolution are rapidly evolving. We forswear at present, mentioning the tremendous considerations which address themselves to Kentucky, in view of the press to extraordinary claims; for they are so obvious to every thinking mind that it would be superfluous to name. It has been hinted in some quarters, as restraints upon the Governor in view of the proposition to convene the Legislature, that the members were not elected in view of the present perilous crisis of our Federal relations, and cannot therefore be deemed fair exponents of the popular will; and even so trivial a consideration as the expenses of a session has been offered. The latter is scarcely worthy of contempt: for when the interests, honor, rights and safety of the State are in question, as they all unquestionably are, what ignoble and degenerate expedient can be raised against the necessary expenditure to meet the crisis? Besides, no expenditure incurred now, can be avoided hereafter—it must be incurred sooner or later—and the sooner we meet the crisis, the less the expenditure.

The objection that the present Legislature was not chosen in reference to existing issues, is one of the least possible weight. The present members know the sentiments and will of the people just as well as any new members, and would prove themselves just as true and loyal to the State. Besides, they were elected for the constitutional term, if not in view of the specific crisis now upon us, in view of any and every possible contingency that might arise. And are we to wait till next August, while the Confederacy is going to wreck? Nonsense—worse than nonsense—is it treacherous folly. And suppose a new Legislature chosen in August in view of the then state of things? They might, on the same fallacious grounds, be required to abandon their functions in a month; for who, in these strange times, can tell what even a day may bring forth? The present Legislature has every power and every qualification by knowledge of public sentiment, by sympathy with the people, and by fidelity to the State, that any new Legislature can have; and we insist that the Governor ought, forthwith, to issue his call and convene the Legislature as soon as may be. Ten days or two weeks would be ample notice to the members; for they have doubtless anticipated such a summons and prepared for it. Their convenience, however, is not entitled to one moment's consideration when the interest and honor of Kentucky are concerned, as they are in this period of sudden and rapid transition and revolution.—*Mayville Press.*

### COURT OF APPEALS.

MONDAY, Dec. 17, 1860.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Bloomfield & S. T. P. Co. v. Sappington, Washington; affirmed.

Hodges & S. T. P. Co. v. Dickinson, Franklin; reversed.

ORDERS.

Owens v. Gossett, No. 1, Pulaski;

Same v. same No. 2, Pulaski; opinion modified.

Lusk v. Hopper et al., Garrard; opinion and mandate modified so as to affirm the appeal as to Samuel Lusk.

Chinn v. Shanklin, Mason;

Armstrong v. Shultz, Mason;

Goddard v. Hotze, Mason; were submitted on briefs.

Sandsbury's ex'r v. Bosley, Washington; argued by Gov. Wickliffe for appellant.

Slaughter v. Burnett, Laurel; petition for rehearing filed.

Owsley et al. v. Ramsey, Boyle; argued by Harlan for appellee, and by James for appellants, and submitted.

TUESDAY, Dec. 18, 1860.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Arnold v. Doly, Garrard;

Samuel v. Smith, Garrard;

Baker v. Seltzer, Pulaski;

Armstrong v. Shultz, Mason; were affirmed.

Goddard v. Hotze, Mason; Reversed.

Chinn v. Shanklin, Mason;

Glasecock v. Sharp, Mason; were affirmed.

ORDERS.

J. C. Hornebeck's widow & h's v. Anderson's ex'r, Bullitt; petition for rehearing filed.

J. C. Hornebeck's widow & h's v. Anderson's ex'r, Bullitt; petition for rehearing filed.

Testor v. Pierce's adm'r, Garrard; petition for rehearing filed and response filed.

Slaughter v. Burnett, Laurel; order of affirmance as a delay case set aside and motion overruled.

Ellis v. Kelly, Henry; dismissed per agreement filed.

Bell v. Vanarsdale, Boyle;

Myers v. Harlan, Knox;

Henderson city v. Barrett, Henderson;

Hardiman v. Ham, Fleming;

Edwards & Butts v. Peck, Fleming; were submitted on briefs.

Barrett v. Griffith et al., Daviess; argued by Harlan for appellees, and H. S. Dallar for appellant.

A GOOD INDICATION.—At a large meeting of the "citizens" of Madison, Ind., the following, among other conservative resolutions, were passed:

7. That all citizens owe obedience to the Constitution and laws of the Union, and all good citizens will promptly and cheerfully render such obedience, and will aid to enforce it.

8. That the slave States by the Constitution are entitled to an effective fugitive slave law, and also to have it faithfully executed, and if the present law is not efficient, or is not promptly enforced, it should be amended in such manner and with such penalties as shall insure its efficiency and faithful execution.

9. That any and all laws enacted by any of the States designed and tending to impede the prompt and faithful execution of the fugitive slave law, are unconstitutional and void, and should be repealed immediately.

Ayer's American Almanac is now ready for delivery, gratis, at J. M. Mills' and W. H. Averill's, who are happy to supply all that call for them. Every family should have and keep this book. It is worth having—comprising much general information of great value. It gives the best instruction for the cure of prevalent complaints, that we can get anywhere. Its anecdotes alone are worth a bushel of wheat, and its medical advice is sometimes worth to the sick, the wheat's worth in gold. Many of the medical almanacs are trash but this is solid metal. Its calculations are made purposely for this latitude and are therefore correct. Call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it.

## MEDICAL AND CHEMICAL REFORM. ADVICE FREE.

New York Benevolent Infirmary.

ESTABLISHED 1856, and devoted to the cause of Medical Reform; to the diffusion of Medical Knowledge for the prevention of disease, and to the relief of those suffering from Chronic and Virulent Disorders. To this end this Infirmary is endowed, to enable the sick and suffering throughout the length and breadth of our land to avoid the Poisonous Drugs, Extortion, and Ignorance of Professed Physicians, through which thousands and tens of thousands annually perish.

The following are some of the diseases we cure, not only at the Infirmary but in all parts of our country: Consumption and Pulmonary Complaints, Fevers, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Eye and Ear Diseases, Cancers and other Tumors, Jaundice and Liver Complaint, Seminal Weakness, and all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, from whatever cause arising. Our object will be to give joy to the afflicted by effecting in all cases a speedy cure.

Our rule is to charge nothing for advice and written prescriptions; but will furnish when requested the very best medicines at the lowest rates. These remedies are prepared in our own Laboratory, under the care of able Chemists, and are the most reliable known to science, including all the recent discoveries.

To all addressing us by letter, containing full account of symptoms and appearance of disease, age, occupation, &c., we will write a candid reply, with advice and directions for cure. Any facts sent us when sending for advice will be devoted to furnishing medicine for the poor. In all cases medicine can be sent by mail or express if desired. Send for one or more of our works and judge for yourselves.

All published at the Infirmary, to aid these objects.

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN. Containing simple remedies easily obtained for the cure of Diseases in all its forms, with full explanations of the causes, symptoms, diet, bathing, &c. Price 25 cents.

THE LADIES' MEDICAL FRIEND, and the Physiology of Marriage. A work on the cause, symptoms, and treatment of all complaints peculiar to the sex, on marriage, its duties, abortion, and its results, on Children, their ills, and on the prevention of conception, with invaluable instructions to them on subjects of a private nature. Price 25 cents.

THE GENTLEMAN'S MEDICAL COMPANION AND Private Adviser. A book for the old and young, embracing the Pathology, Prevention, and Cure of all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and a warning voice of advice and counsel, such as to be found in no other work. Price 25 cents.

THE GUIDE AND GUARD. READ IT! READ IT! READ IT! ONLY 25 CENTS.

THE DRUGGIST'S MANUAL. It contains about 1000 Prescriptions, Receipts, and formulas for Pomades, Washes, Oils, Powders, Plasters, Pills. Price only 25 cents.

FOR THOSE WHO wish to get well from that awful disease, a full description of all the remedies used for it, with a careful statement of the results, and other useful information. Price 10 cents.

The Infirmary is indebted to the following in any works published, not obtainable from any other source. These books are published on fine white paper, and beautifully bound.

Any of the above works will be mailed free, on receipt of price, in stamps or money; or the whole in a bound volume for only \$1.50. No family should be without them. They are illustrated with beautiful engravings, and contain the condensed experience of years.

AGENTS WANTED for the above works, who can make \$150 a month. Send for a circular for agents.

To the young of both sexes suffering from Secret Habits; prostration of mind; loss of power; nervous debility; loss of sight; wakefulness; loss of solitude; eruptions on the face, &c., &c., send before it is too late before you suffer incurable damage to both body and mind.

To females who want safe, pleasant, and sure remedies for Irregularities, Obstructions, Whites, &c., send to us.

PREVENTIVE. We are convinced that there are many parents of scrofulous, consumptive, and diseased children, to whom a numerous offspring only brings suffering and poverty. To such we would say, write, and we will send you information of a sure, well-tested, and never failing Preventive.

OUR PREPARED MEDICINES. We enumerate a few of our best remedies which we prepared by us, from the purest and finest drugs to be found. We have put them in Boxes, in powder and pill form, so that any and all can use them as best suited to their case.

Single Bottles or Boxes will be sent on receipt of price.

Compound Extract of Sanguinaria, Scrophularia, and Iodine—For purifying the Blood, a sure cure for Scrofula, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Pimples, Tumors, Cancers, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, Humors, Skin Diseases, Heart Diseases, Enlarged Glands, and every kind of complaint arising from an impure state of the blood. In Boxes or Bottles at \$1, \$2, and \$3.

Compound Extract of Barium, Lime, Helonius, Soda, and Arabia—For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and Consumption. This wonderful preparation combines every vegetable and mineral, and will be found to be the best remedy, which will act beneficially on the throat and lungs. We will warrant to cure if our directions are strictly followed. Price \$1 and \$2 per box or bottle.

Compound Extract of Agaricus, Coleonyx, and Foliatum—For all diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dysentery, Diarrhea, and Constipation—\$1 and \$2 per box or bottle.

Acetate of Chlorine—This Tonic is expressly prepared for all diseases of the Kidneys, Urinary and Sexual Organs, of both sexes; it is preeminently above all medicines for the cure of Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Rheumatism, Whites, Diabetes—in fact restoring, invigorating, and renewing the organs. Price \$1 and \$2 per box or bottle.

Vinum Amarum—A stimulating Tonic to be used to revive the System; to cure Depression of Spirit; to revive vitality, and reinvigorate the body and mind. 50 cts. and \$1 a bottle.

Pile Ointment, Healing Ointment, Eye Water, Anti-Bilious Pills, Vegetable Emetic, Vermifuge Lozenges, Tooth Drops, Pain Killer, Ear Oil—Each 25 cents.

We will mail free, to any one applying for it. THE JOURNAL OF MEDICAL REFORM. It contains the most valuable information on Spermatocoe, or Seminal Weakness; all Diseases of the Sexual Organs; Consumption; the Liver; Heart, Stomach, and Skin; Female Complaints; the various Schools of Medicine; the modes of Treatment now practiced; the False treatment of Diseases; the various Medical Humbugs; the Physiology of Marriage; the common sense of Medicine; Diet, Exercise, and Abstinence; How to prevent Pregnancy; and many other things—Send for it.

This Journal should be in the hands of every one. J. Russell, M. D., M. J., Chief Physician. S. S. Morris, Surgeon. Dr. J. Boyle, Chemist. Correspondents will please enclose two or three stamps for return postage, and address our Secretary, D. A. BERNY, South 8th and 5th sts., Williamsburgh, (Box 141) New York.

STRAYED OR STOLEN. About the 6th instant, a light bay HORSE, shod all round, 15 1/2 hands high, a star in his forehead and snip on the nose; one hind foot white; 8 or 9 years old. He may have light harness marks, as he works in my carriage.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD will be paid upon conviction of the thief and return of the horse, if stolen; or a generous reward if he should have strayed. A. W. DUDLEY, Frankfort, Dec 12th.

WALL PAPER AND POCKET CUTLERY. Now supplied just received. S. C. BULL, Bookseller. Oct 12th.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

THE ALMACAMENTS OF LANGUAGES.—There is a growing tendency in this age to appropriate the most expressive words of other languages, and after a while to incorporate them into our own; thus the word Cephalic, which is from the Greek, signifying "for the head," is now becoming popular in connection with Mr. Spalding's great Headache remedy, but it will soon be used in a more general way, and the word Cephalic will become as common as Electropne and many others, whose distinction as foreign words has been worn away by common usage, until they seem "native and to the manner born."

Hardly Realized. Hi! ad 'n'orrible headache this afternoon, and I stepped into the apothecaries hand say hi to the man. "Can you please me of an headache?" "Does it hurt?" "Yes," "Exceedingly," says hi, hand upon that "give me a Cephalic Pill, hand 'pon me 'onor it cured me so quick that I hardly realized I 'ad 'an headache."

Headache is the favorite sign by which nature makes known any deviation whatever from natural state of the brain, and viewed in this light it may be looked on as a safeguard, intended to give notice of disease which might otherwise escape attention till too late to be remedied, and its indications should never be neglected. Headaches may be classified under two names, viz: Symptomatic and Idiopathic. Symptomatic Headache is exceedingly common, and is the precursor of a great variety of diseases, among which are Apoplexy, Gout, Rheumatism, and all febrile diseases.

In its nervous form it is sympathetic of disease of the stomach constituting sick headache, of hepatic disease constituting bilious headache, of worms, constipation and other disorders of the bowels, as well as renal and uterine affections. Disease of the heart are very frequently attended with Headaches; Anemia and plethora are also affections which frequently occasion headache. Idiopathic Headache is also very common, being usually distinguished by the name of nervous headache, sometimes coming on suddenly in a state of apparently sound health, and prostrating at once the mental and physical energies, and in other instances it comes on slowly, heralded by depression of spirits or acerbity of temper. In most instances the pain is in the front of the head, over one or both eyes, and sometimes provoking vomiting; under this class may also be named Neuralgia.

For the treatment of either class of Headache the Cephalic Pills have been found a sure and safe remedy, relieving the most acute pains in a few minutes, and by its subtle power eradicating the diseases of which headache is the unerring index.

BRIDGE.—Missus wants you to send her a box of Cephalic Pills, no, a bottle of Prepared Pills, but I'm thinking that's not just it neither; but perhaps I'll be better knowing what it is. Ye see she's high dead and gone with the Sick Headache, and wants some more of that same that relieved her before.

Druggist.—You must mean Spalding's Cephalic Pills. Bridge.—Och! sure now and you've said it; here's the quarter, and give me the Pills, and don't be all day about it, either.

Constipation or Costiveness. No one of the "many ills flesh is heir to" is so prevalent, so little understood, and so much neglected as Costiveness. Often originating in carelessness, or sedentary habits it is regarded as a slight disorder of too little consequence to excite anxiety, while in reality it is the precursor and companion of many of the most fatal and dangerous diseases, and unless early eradicated it will bring the sufferer to an untimely grave. Among the lighter evils of which costiveness is the usual attendant are Headache, Colic, Rheumatism, Flatulency, Piles and others of like nature, while a long train of frightful diseases such as Malignant Fevers, Abscesses, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Apoplexy, Epilepsy, Paralysis, Hysteria, Hypochondriac, Melancholy and Insanity, first indicate their presence in the system by this alarming symptom.

Not unfrequently the disease named originates in Constipation, but take on an independent existence unless the cause is eradicated in an early stage. From all these considerations it follows that the disorder should receive immediate attention whenever it occurs, and no person should neglect to get a box of Cephalic Pills on the first appearance of the complaint, as their timely use will expel the insidious approaches of disease and destroy this dangerous foe to human life.

A Real Blessing. Physician.—Well, Mrs. Jones, how is that headache? Mrs. Jones.—Gone! Doctor, all gone! the pill you sent cured me in just twenty minutes, and I wish you would send more so that I can have them handy.

Physician.—You can get them at any Druggist. Call for Cephalic Pills, I find they never fail, and I recommend them in all cases of Headache.

Mrs. Jones.—I shall send for a box directly, and shall tell all my suffering friends, for they are a real blessing.

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## J. J. BUTLER'S EXCELSIOR FLUID INKS.

Mercantile, for general purposes.  
Record, for Ledgers and Records,  
Copying, for Letter Press,  
Carbim, of brilliant hue.  
CELEBRATED FOR

1st. Intense black color, (at first of a greenish blue).  
2d. Easy flow from the Pen.  
3d. Permanency, (will never fade by exposure).  
4th. Economy.

(EXPLANATIONS:—These Inks can be satisfactorily used to the last drop. Other domestic Inks in a brief time grow too thick for use, and are at last to be thrown away before half consumed.)

The Carbim may be exposed to the action of the air without injury.

Facts Confirming the above Qualities.

1st. These Writing Fluids are now in general use throughout the United States, with an increased demand.

2d. They have been analyzed by Dr. Chilton, the celebrated Chemist of New York City, and pronounced "equally in quality and durability to the best imported English Fluids." Manufactured by J. J. BUTLER, Agent.

3d. KEENE & CRUTCHER are the Agents of the Manufacturer in Frankfort, and will supply Retailers at manufacturer's wholesale prices with the addition of carriage.

Dec. 14, 1899—by.

## SOMETHING NEW!

Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Photographs, and Ivorytypes.

## H. L. GOODWIN,

TAKE pleasure in informing the public that he has returned to Frankfort, and taken the Gallery of C. A. Clarke, adjoining the Telephone Office, and that he would be pleased to wait on those wishing perfect likenesses of themselves or friends. He is confident he will be able to please the most fastidious in any kind of picture they may desire, from a life-size portrait to the smallest Daguerreotype or Ambrotype. Also, Daguerreotypes of deceased persons enlarged to the size of Life and Colored in Oil, and satisfaction given.

I am also prepared to make those gems of Photography, the Daguerreotype, which is truly the most durable small picture yet produced.

The Ivorytype, (made only at this Gallery), is acknowledged by all to be the most beautiful style of Photography pictures ever presented to the public. In brilliancy of tone and color, delicacy of finish, correctness of likeness, and durability, it is far superior to the best miniature on Ivory.

Call and See. July 9, 1890—w.t.w.

## MOSELEY'S TUBULAR WROUGHT IRON

ARCH BRIDGES AND CORRUGATED IRON ROOFS.

(ARCHED AND FLAT.)

ARE cheap as wood, and our manufactory is capable of supply and demand. Corrugated Iron Sheets constantly on hand of all sizes, painted and ready for shipment, with full instructions for applying them.

Leave orders at No. 66 West Third Street, Cincinnati.

MOSELEY & CO.

April 2, 1890—by.

## EXCELSIOR PARAFFINE OILS.

For Burning and Lubricating.

FREE FROM OFFENSIVE ODOR.

At No. 97 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, O.

WE warrant our Oil to be equal, if not superior, to any in the market.

We invite those in the city and vicinity to call and examine for themselves.

Persons ordering from a distance, satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. We invite a comparative trial with any manufacturing establishment in America.

C. R. HASKIN, Agent, or A. G. HODGES, Treasurer, Kenawha O. C. M. Oil Manufacturing Co. Feb. 14, 1890. 97 Walnut St., Cincinnati.

## A. STRAUS,

Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer

IN ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS,

NO. 71 WEST FIFTH STREET,

(BETWEEN WALNUT AND VINE STREETS),

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of well made Furniture of all kinds at the lowest prices. All orders received through the Post Office will be promptly attended to.

Feb. 15, 1890—by.

## A. C. KEENE'S BOOK BINDERY.

A. C. KEENE informs his friends and customers, that he still continues the Book Binding business, in all his branches, at his old

office, St. Clair street, and will give his whole attention to its management. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment.

BOOKS will be furnished with RECORD BOOKS ruled to any pattern, and of the very best quality of paper.

BLANK BOOKS of every description, manufactured at short notice, to order, on reasonable terms.

Frankfort, July 2, 1890—w.t.

## COAL AND LUMBER YARD

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Frankfort and the surrounding country, that he will keep constantly on hand, Yohogeny, Kentucky River, Pomeroy and Channel Coal, which will sell at the lowest market price, either by the quantity or cart load.

He also keeps all kinds of LUMBER, which he will sell on accommodating terms.

His Coal and Lumber Yard is on the Kentucky river, immediately below the Railroad Bridge, being the same formerly occupied by Todd & Crittenden.

JOHN C. BATES.

September 3, 1890—w.t.

## NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that we will rigidly enforce the law against all persons who trespass on our lands by passing through the same, leaving down our fences, pulling our crops and fruit, cutting trees or hunting and fishing on our farms.

R. GILLISPIE, EMILY SCARCE, THOS. S. PAGE.

Franklin county, August 13, 1890.

## COLORING.

GENTLEMEN have their Whiskers, mustaches, or Imperial colored in the highest style of the art, by calling at

Jan. 8, 1890. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.

## FRANKFORT AGENCY

OF THE

New York Life Insurance Company.

A meeting of the Local Directors of the New York Life Insurance Company, held in the city of Frankfort, Ky., December 4th, 1898, the following was unanimously adopted:

"The undersigned, President and Directors of the Company, have examined the report and exhibit of the New York Life Insurance Company for the half year ending July 1st, 1898, and being satisfied with its prosperous condition, cordially recommend it to the encouragement and support of the community."

The New York Life Insurance Company has been in existence fourteen years, its capital has attained the sum of

\$1,500,000.

Invested in State stocks, bonds and mortgages on real estate.

We think it a most safe and profitable mode of investing money. The profits accrue to the benefit of the insured, and have averaged not less than 30 per cent. per annum on the premium paid.

Besides these investments in stock, &c., the law of New York requires as additional security, that \$100,000 shall be deposited with the State Comptroller, to meet any lawful demands which the Company may fail to pay.

We invite attention to the nature, objects, and advantages of Life Insurance, as set forth by this Institution.

It will be seen by the above statement that this Company is a thoroughly reliable institution. Those desirous of information in regard to the subject of Life Insurance, would do well to call on the Local Agent of the above Company, who will give them any information that may be desired, or for reference apply to either member of the Local Board, all of whom are in this office.

C. S. MOREHEAD, President.

EMD. H. TAYLOR, THOS. S. PAGE, CHAS. G. PHYTHIAN, Directors.

R. W. SCOTT, H. L. TODD.

CLAIMS PAID AT THIS AGENCY.

John Lane ..... \$5,000

Thomas P. Thornton ..... 5,000

Joseph H. Davies ..... 5,000

William G. Craig ..... 5,000

John C. Pendleton ..... 1,500

..... \$26,500

MEDICAL EXAMINER. W. C. SNEED, M. D.

WINGATE, Agent.

Frankfort Branch Office.

## Home Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK.

OFFICE, No. 4, WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL, \$500,000.00

AMT OF ASSETS IN JAN. 1898, \$34,213.34

AMT OF LIABILITIES, \$11,110.01

This Company continues to insure Buildings, Merchandise, Ships in port and their cargoes, Household Furniture and Personal Property generally, against Loss or Damage by Fire, on favorable terms.

Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.

Abstract of the SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT of the affairs and condition of the HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, of the City of New York, on the 31st day of December, 1897.

ASSETS.

Cash, Balance in Bank ..... \$37,000.56

Bonds and Mortgages (being first lien on Real Estate, worth at least \$891,000) ..... 450,000.00

Loans on stocks payable on demand, (market value of securities, \$253,687) ..... 150,859.85

Bank Stocks (market value) ..... 77,000.00

Real Estate, No. 4 Wall Street (office of the company) ..... 67,804.72

Interest due on 1st January, 1898, (of which \$12,625.93 has since been received) ..... 14,875.93

Balance in hands of Agents and in course of transmission from Agents, on 31st Dec., (of which \$7,557.67 has since been received) ..... 24,884.75

Premiums due and uncollected on Policies issued at Office ..... 2,087.53

Total ..... \$834,213.34

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding losses on 31st Decem- ber, 1897, estimated at ..... \$89,410.01

Due Stockholders on account of Seventh dividend ..... 1,700.00

..... \$41,110.01

New York, 22d January, 1898.

CHAS. F. WILMARTH, Pres't.

J. MINTON SMITH, Sec'y.

H. WINGATE, Agent.

Frankfort, Ky.

Guard against Fall and Winter Fires!

BY

CHOICE INSURANCE

WITH THE

ETNA

INSURANCE CO.

INCORPORATED 1819—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000.

ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED.

NET SURPLUS OF - \$942,800.72.

And the prestige of 40 years success and experience.

UPWARDS OF \$12,000,000

Of Losses have been paid by the Etna Insurance Company in the past 40 years.

The value of reliable Insurance will be apparent from the following

LOSSES PAID BY THE ETNA DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS.

In Ohio ..... \$431,520.83

Michigan ..... 158,043.81

Indiana ..... 146,839.81

In Ky., Tenn., Va. ..... 448,327.41

Missouri ..... 384,518.04

Tennessee ..... 97,549.21

Texas ..... 101,399.46

Kans. & Neb. ..... 19,945.77

Penn. & Va. ..... 31,595.82

Ark. & Ga. ..... 28,945.09

Mississippi and Alabama ..... \$52,412.18

Fire and Inland Navigation.

Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.

Special attention given to Insurance of DWELLINGS and Contents, for terms of 1 to 5 years.

The solid service long and successfully tried, and the many advantages of the Etna Insurance Company, places it in line, should not be overlooked by those ready to insure and understanding their best interests.

During "stringent times" the necessity for reliable insurance becomes an imperative duty—the ability of property owners to sustain loss being much lessened.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns throughout the State. Policies issued without delay, by any of the authorized agents of the company.

Business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

H. WINGATE, Agent.

Frankfort, Ky.

Artesian Well Water.

SUPPLY always on hand at

SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.

Feb. 8, 1890.

## HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JANUARY 1, 1890.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand and in bank ..... \$38,338.11

Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission ..... 62,690.82

Cash loaned on call ..... 30,000.00

..... \$131,029.00

Bills receivable for loans, amply secured ..... 70,223.59

Real Estate, unincumbered, (cash value) ..... 15,000.00

2409 Shares Bank Stock in Hartford, market value ..... 269,352.00

2200 Shares Bank Stock in New York, market value ..... 200,225.00

960 Shares Bank Stock in Boston, market value ..... 107,565.00

400 Shares Bank Stock in St. Louis, market value ..... 40,300.00

240 Shares Bank Stock in Ray, Mo., and other Stock, market value ..... 16,750.00

Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cent., market value ..... 56,500.00

State Stocks, (Tennessee, Ohio, Michigan, Missouri), 6 per cent., market value ..... 36,625.00

20 Shares State Bank Wisconsin, market value ..... 2,140.00

Total assets ..... \$938,709.59

Total liabilities ..... 66,530.85

Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Dwellings, Furniture, Stores, Warehouses, Merchandise, Mills, Manufactories, and most other kinds of property, can be effected in this Company upon as favorable terms as the nature of the risks and security of Policy holders will admit.

J. M. MILLS, Agent.

Frankfort, Ky.

THE

Hartford Fire Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital, \$500,000.

1. ITS CAPITAL IS AMPLE.

2. ITS RATES ARE REASONABLE.

3. IT PAYS ITS LOSSES PROMPTLY.

H. HUNTINGTON, President.

T. C. ALBYN, Secretary.

J. M. MILLS, Agent.

Frankfort, Ky.

## CHILDREN'S TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW'S

SOOTHING SYRUP.

FOR CHILDREN'S TEETHING.

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and Benefit and Health to your Infants.

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